

### **PROFIT & LOSS**

Worksheet 4



KNOWLEDGE IS THE KEY TO UNLOCKING POTENTIAL.



•	Find her overall gain o	each. On one, she made a or loss.	gain of 23% and on me		
A. Loss of ₹ 18000	B. Gain of ₹ 38000	C. Gain of ₹ 42000	D. Loss of ₹ 17500		
2. Read the given sto	stement carefully and	state 'T' for true and 'F' for	false.		
(i) If the ratio of three numbers is 3 : 4 : 5 and sum of their squares is 1250, then the sum of numbers is 60.					
(iii) Decrease % = $\left(\frac{\text{Decreased value}}{\text{New valuue}} \times 100\right)$ %					
(iii) If an article is sold for ₹ p after giving a discount of q%, then its marked price is ₹ $\frac{100p}{100-q}$					
(iv) If 44% of a number is 275, then 64% of th <mark>e s</mark> ame number is 400.					
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)		
A. F	F	F	Т		
B. T	F	T	Т		
C. T		F			
D. F	<b>30</b> 11	F	Т		
3. The population of a state is 50000. It increases by 20% during the first year and 30% during the second year. Find the population after two years.					
A. 64000	B. 78000	C. 82000	D. 78500		
4. What is the different between the simple interest of ₹ 500 calculated at 5% p.a. for 3 years and 4% p.a. for 4 years?					
A. ₹ 40	B. ₹ 20	C. ₹ 10	D. ₹ 5		
5. A shopkeeper offers 10% discount on the refrigerator. If the marked price of the refrigerator is ₹ 22500, then find the selling price of the refrigerator.					
A. ₹ 21550	B. ₹ 20500	C. ₹ 21250	D. ₹ 20250		
6. Kirti lent ₹ 20000 to Kanchan at the rate of 2% per annum compound interest. How much amount will Kanchan pay to Kirti after two years?					
A. ₹ 21800	B. ₹ 20808	C. ₹ 20400	D. ₹ 20740		



7. A dealer buys a sofa set for ₹ 30000. At what price must he mark it so that after allowing a discount of 10%, he still makes a profit of 5%?					
A. ₹ 37500	B. ₹ 42450	C. ₹ 35000	D. ₹ 33000		
8. Read the statements carefully and select the correct option.					
<b>Statement-I:</b> If a trader offers two successive discounts of 13% and 8% on an almirah marked for ₹ 20000, then its selling price is ₹ 16008.					
<b>Statement-II :</b> On selling a laptop for ₹ 84000, the shopkeeper lost 20%. To gain 10%, he should have sold it for ₹ 115500.					
A. Statement-I is true but Statement-II is false.					
B. Statement-l is false	but Statement-II is true				
C. Both Statement-I and Statement-II are fa <mark>lse.</mark>					
D. Both Statement-l a	nd Statement-II are tru <mark>e.</mark>				
9. The difference between the compound interest and the simple interest on a certain sum of money for 2 years at 11% per annum is ₹ 363. Find the sum.					
A. ₹ 33,000	B. ₹ 31,000	C. ₹ 30,000	D. ₹ 32,000		
10. What will be the compound interest on ₹ 15625 for 3 years at 8% p.a., if the interest is compounded annually?					

A. ₹ 4805

B. ₹ 4508

D. ₹ 4058



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## **Answer Key**

1. D

2. B

3. B

4. D

5. D

6. B

7. C

8. B

9. C

10. D