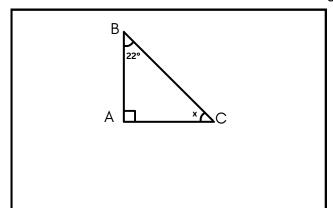
Worksheet #3

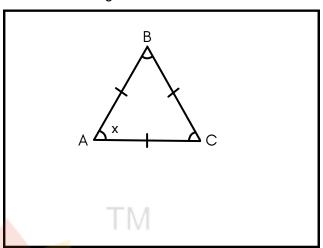


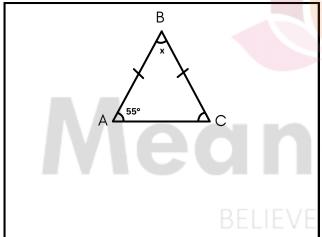
MISSING ANGLE IN A TRIANGLE

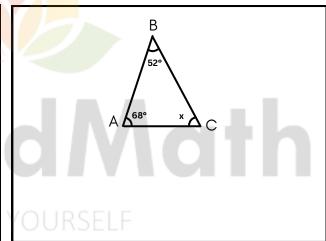
Learning goal: Students will be able to apply the angle sum property of triangles to find unknown interior angles when two angles are given.

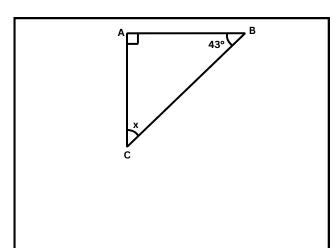
Instruction: Find the measure of indicated angle in each triangle

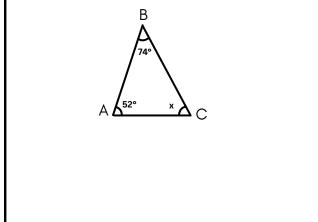












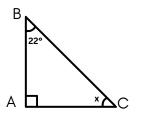
Worksheet #3(Answers)



MISSING ANGLE IN A TRIANGLE

Learning goal: Students will be able to apply the angle sum property of triangles to find unknown interior angles when two angles are given.

Instruction: Find the measure of indicated angle in each triangle

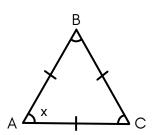


Solution:

Sum of angles in triangle = 180°

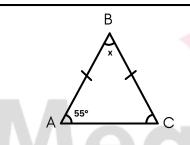
$$x = 180^{\circ} - (90^{\circ} + 22^{\circ}) = 68^{\circ}$$

$$x = 68^{\circ}$$



Solution:

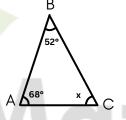
All angles in an equilateral triangle = 60° x = 60°



Solution:

Sum of angles in triangle = 180°

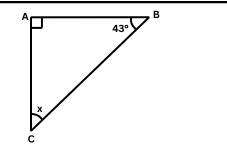
$$x = 180^{\circ} - (55^{\circ} + 55^{\circ})$$



Solution:

Sum of angles in triangle = 180°

$$x = 180^{\circ} - (52^{\circ} + 68^{\circ}) = 60^{\circ}$$

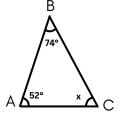


Solution:

Sum of angles in triangle = 180°

$$x = 180^{\circ} - (90^{\circ} + 43^{\circ}) = 47^{\circ}$$

$$x = 47^{\circ}$$



Solution:

Sum of angles in triangle = 180°

$$x = 180^{\circ} - (52^{\circ} + 74^{\circ})$$