

# SUBTRACTING INTEGERS

## Worksheet #5

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Learning Goal: Students will be able to subtract integers in the form  $a - b - (-c)$  using proper sign rules.

**Example:**

$$5 - 5 - (-6) = 6$$

$$5 - 4 - (-1) = \square$$

$$7 - 2 - (-5) = \square$$

$$9 - 6 - (-3) = \square$$

$$10 - 7 - (-4) = \square$$

$$8 - 3 - (-1) = \square$$

$$17 - 5 - (-3) = \square$$

$$16 - 9 - (-4) = \square$$

$$19 - 12 - (-2) = \square$$

# SUBTRACTING INTEGERS

## Worksheet #5 (Answers)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Learning Goal: Students will be able to subtract integers in the form  $a - b - (-c)$  using proper sign rules.

**Example:**

$$5 - 5 - (-6) = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 - 4 - (-1) \\ = 5 - 4 + 1 \\ = 6 - 4 \\ = 2 \end{aligned}$$

resolving signs

$$\begin{aligned} 7 - 2 - (-5) \\ = 7 - 2 + 5 \\ = 12 - 2 \\ = 10 \end{aligned}$$

resolving signs

$$\begin{aligned} 9 - 6 - (-3) \\ = 9 - 6 + 3 \\ = 12 - 6 \\ = 6 \end{aligned}$$

resolving signs

$$\begin{aligned} 10 - 7 - (-4) \\ = 10 - 7 + 4 \\ = 14 - 7 \\ = 7 \end{aligned}$$

resolving signs

$$\begin{aligned} 8 - 3 - (-1) \\ = 8 - 3 + 1 \\ = 9 - 3 \\ = 6 \end{aligned}$$

resolving signs

$$\begin{aligned} 17 - 5 - (-3) \\ = 17 - 5 + 3 \\ = 20 - 5 \\ = 15 \end{aligned}$$

resolving signs

$$\begin{aligned} 16 - 9 - (-4) \\ = 16 - 9 + 4 \\ = 20 - 9 \\ = 11 \end{aligned}$$

resolving signs

$$\begin{aligned} 19 - 12 - (-2) \\ = 19 - 12 + 2 \\ = 21 + 2 \\ = 9 \end{aligned}$$

resolving signs