

# MULTIPLYING INTEGERS

## Worksheet #3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

**Learning Goal:** Students will be able to multiply integers in the form  $(-a) \times (-b)$  using proper sign rules.

**Example:**

$$(-11) \times (-2) = 22$$

+	-	-
-	+	-
-	-	+

$$(-2) \times (-5) = \square$$

$$(-3) \times (-4) = \square$$

$$(-7) \times (-1) = \square$$

$$(-6) \times (-8) = \square$$

$$(-9) \times (-2) = \square$$

$$(-10) \times (-3) = \square$$

$$(-5) \times (-5) = \square$$

$$(-12) \times (-4) = \square$$

# MULTIPLYING INTEGERS

## Worksheet #3(Answers)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

**Learning Goal:** Students will be able to multiply integers in the form  $(-a) \times (-b)$  using proper sign rules.

**Example:**

$$(-11) \times (-2) = 22$$

$$(-2) \times (-5) = \square$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -2 \times -5 \\ = 10 \end{array}$$

Negative  $\times$  Negative = Positive

$$(-3) \times (-4) = \square$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -3 \times -4 \\ = 12 \end{array}$$

Negative  $\times$  Negative = Positive

$$(-7) \times (-1) = \square$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -7 \times -1 \\ = 7 \end{array}$$

Negative  $\times$  Negative = Positive

$$(-6) \times (-8) = \square$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -6 \times -8 \\ = 48 \end{array}$$

Negative  $\times$  Negative = Positive

$$(-9) \times (-2) = \square$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -9 \times -2 \\ = 18 \end{array}$$

Negative  $\times$  Negative = Positive

$$(-10) \times (-3) = \square$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -10 \times -3 \\ = 30 \end{array}$$

Negative  $\times$  Negative = Positive

$$(-5) \times (-5) = \square$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -5 \times -5 \\ = 25 \end{array}$$

Negative  $\times$  Negative = Positive

$$(-12) \times (-4) = \square$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -12 \times -4 \\ = 48 \end{array}$$

Negative  $\times$  Negative = Positive