

Name: _____

Grade: _____

Score: _____

Worksheet #1



MISSING DIGITS - CUBE ROOTS

Learning goal: Students will determine missing digits in numbers based on given cube root conditions and apply arithmetic operations to analyze relationships between values.

Instructions: Fill the table.

A	B	A + B	A - B
$\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$	$\sqrt[3]{8} = 2$	$3 + 2 = 5$	$3 - 2 = 1$
$\sqrt[3]{64} = \square$	$\sqrt[3]{125} = \square$		
$\sqrt[3]{216} = \square$	$\sqrt[3]{1} = \square$		
$\sqrt[3]{8} = \square$	$\sqrt[3]{64} = \square$		
$\sqrt[3]{343} = \square$	$\sqrt[3]{27} = \square$		
$\sqrt[3]{512} = \square$	$\sqrt[3]{216} = \square$		

Instructions: Complete the table where A is a digit. Refer the below example.

$\sqrt[3]{2A} = 3$
 we know that $\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$
 Hence, A = 7

QUESTION	A	3A	A × A × A
$\sqrt[3]{(2A)} = 3$	7	21	343
$\sqrt[3]{(A4)} = 4$			
$\sqrt[3]{(1A5)} = 5$			
$\sqrt[3]{(2A6)} = 6$			

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Worksheet #1(Answers)



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Learning goal: Students will determine missing digits in numbers based on given cube root conditions and apply arithmetic operations to analyze relationships between values.

Instructions: Fill the table.

A	B	A + B	A - B
$\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$	$\sqrt[3]{8} = 2$	$3 + 2 = 5$	$3 - 2 = 1$
$\sqrt[3]{64} = 4$	$\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$	$4 + 5 = 9$	$4 - 5 = -1$
$\sqrt[3]{216} = 6$	$\sqrt[3]{1} = 1$	$6 + 1 = 7$	$6 - 1 = 5$
$\sqrt[3]{8} = 2$	$\sqrt[3]{64} = 4$	$2 + 4 = 6$	$2 - 4 = -2$
$\sqrt[3]{343} = 7$	$\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$	$7 + 3 = 10$	$7 - 3 = 4$
$\sqrt[3]{512} = 8$	$\sqrt[3]{216} = 6$	$8 + 6 = 14$	$8 - 6 = 2$

Instructions: Complete the table where A is a digit. Refer the below example.

$\sqrt[3]{2A} = 3$
 we know that $\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$
 Hence, A = 7

QUESTION	A	3A	A × A × A
$\sqrt[3]{(2A)} = 3$	7	21	343
$\sqrt[3]{(A4)} = 4$	6	18	216
$\sqrt[3]{(1A5)} = 5$	2	6	8
$\sqrt[3]{(2A6)} = 6$	1	3	1