

# ADDING INTEGERS

## Worksheet #7

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Learning Goal: Students will be able to add integers in the form  $a + (-b) + (-c)$  using proper sign rules.

**Example:**

$$5 + (-6) + (-1) = -2$$

$$5 + (-2) + (-2) = \square$$

$$9 + (-1) + (-4) = \square$$

$$9 + (-1) + (-6) = \square$$

$$9 + (-4) + (-2) = \square$$

$$4 + (-3) + (-6) = \square$$

$$12 + (-2) + (-6) = \square$$

$$15 - 5 - 1 = \square$$

$$17 - 7 - 3 = \square$$

# ADDING INTEGERS

## Worksheet #7 (Answers)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Class: \_\_\_\_\_

Learning Goal: Students will be able to add integers in the form  $a + (-b) + (-c)$  using proper sign rules.

**Example:**

$$5 + (-6) + (-1) = -2$$

$$5 + (-2) + (-2) = \square$$

$$\cancel{5} \cancel{-2} \cancel{-2}$$

resolving signs

$$= 5 \cancel{-4}$$

$$= 1$$

$$9 + (-1) + (-4) = \square$$

$$\cancel{9} \cancel{-1} \cancel{-4}$$

$$= 9 \cancel{-5}$$

resolving signs

$$= 4$$

$$9 + (-1) + (-6) = \square$$

$$\cancel{9} \cancel{-1} \cancel{-6}$$

resolving signs

$$= 9 \cancel{-7}$$

$$= 2$$

$$9 + (-4) + (-2) = \square$$

$$\cancel{9} \cancel{-4} \cancel{-2}$$

$$= 9 \cancel{-6}$$

resolving signs

$$= 3$$

$$4 + (-3) + (-6) = \square$$

$$\cancel{4} \cancel{-3} \cancel{-6}$$

resolving signs

$$= 4 \cancel{-9}$$

$$= -5$$

$$12 + (-2) + (-6) = \square$$

$$\cancel{12} \cancel{-2} \cancel{-6}$$

$$= 12 \cancel{-8}$$

resolving signs

$$= 4$$

$$15 - 5 - 1 = \square$$

$$\cancel{15} \cancel{-5} \cancel{-1}$$

resolving signs

$$= 15 \cancel{-6}$$

$$= 9$$

$$17 - 7 - 3 = \square$$

$$\cancel{17} \cancel{-7} \cancel{-3}$$

$$= 17 \cancel{-10}$$

resolving signs

$$= 7$$